

World War I

UNIT VII: New World Power

Quick Write

● *THIRTEENTH AMENDMENT - 1865*

- Section 1. Neither slavery **nor involuntary servitude**, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.
- Section 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Does the military draft violate the Thirteenth Amendment?

Quick Write

● *ARTICLE I, SECTION 8* (not full text)

- To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;
- To provide and maintain a navy;
- To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;
- To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions;
- To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining, the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

How clear and consistent is the Constitution?

Espionage and Sedition Acts - 1917

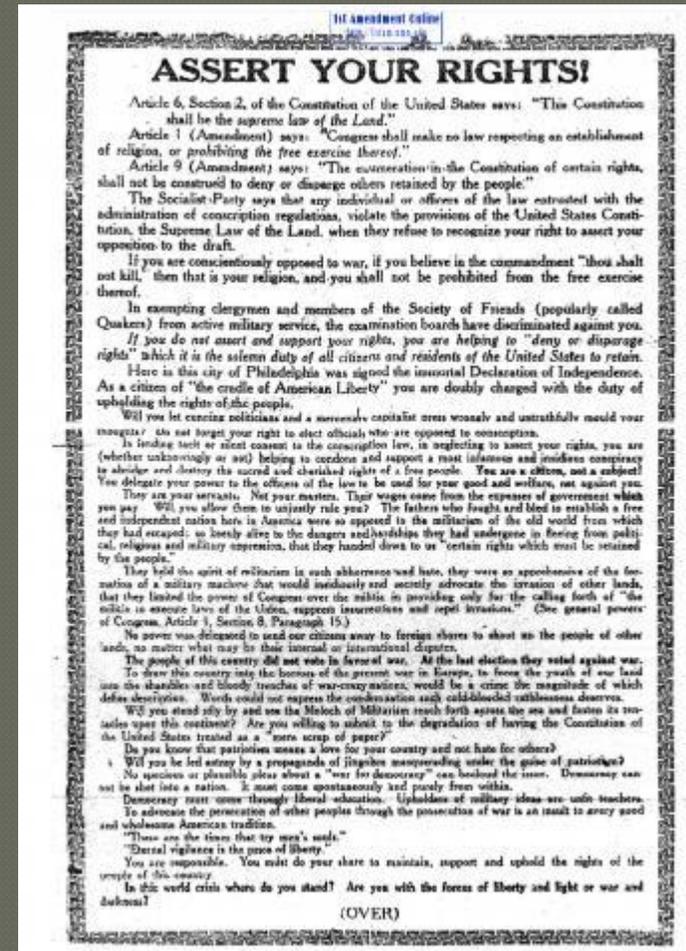
- ◎ Persons who commit the following acts may be fined up to \$10,000 and/or jailed for up to 20 years:
 - *ESPIONAGE ACT*
 - a. willfully cause insubordination, disloyalty, mutiny or refusal of duty in the military forces.
 - *SEDITION ACT*
 - b. prohibited disloyal, profane, scurrilous or abusive remarks about the form of government, flag or uniform of the United States.
 - c. Prohibited any opposition to buying of war bonds.

Reactions

- a. Over 6,000 arrests.
- b. Leads to the Red Scare.
- c. **Eugene V. Debs**, arrested and convicted for opposing the war.
-Received a 10 year term.
- d. **Charles Schenck**, member of the Socialist Party, sentenced to 15 years for publishing pamphlets urging citizens to refusing to participate in the draft.

Schenck v. United States

- Challenges the First Amendment and Thirteenth Amendment
 - Specifically freedom of speech
- Ruling: Upholds idea that **speech is limited**
 - “Clear and Present Danger”
 - “Shouting ‘fire’ in a theatre...”



TODAY'S TASKS

1) Use your note packet to complete the 10 question assessment (half sheet)

2) Close read *Schenck v. United States of America*

*This is a great choice for a possible Regents Thematic!

-Building background and even bringing in the Alien and Sedition Acts under John Adams helps build out the concept.

Schenck v United States

- ◉ Text code a copy of the original pamphlet found on the class website.
- ◉ Write a journal reaction from the first person perspective citing specific excerpts and staple it to a print out.

